

UiO Department of Private Law University of Oslo

Norwegian Perspectives on Product Recycling and Reuse

Professor Inger B. Ørstavik



Observations from Norway

- Nordic pragmatism gives way to European property focus
 - Balance of rights approach gives way to exceptions
- Exhaustion
 - Repair, sale of used goods/reuse, lifecycling
 - Less integration of competition law/free movement
- Further questions
 - Licensing and exhaustion
 - Destruction of products

Exhaustion – reuse/lifecycling

- Rt-1975-951, Fiskå Mølle
 - Reuse of paper bags for grain feeds
 - No secondary sales
 - The trademark was not used as a «sign»
- HR-2018-110-A, ENSILOX
 - Changed supplier of silage additive
 - Trade mark still on cans/containers
 - «risk» of harm to trademark functions
- C-46/10, Viking Gas
 - Competition in downstream market

Repair and de-branding

- Apple case for the Supreme Court this spring
- LB-2018-62352
- Appeals court: No exhaustion
 - «fake» screens from China
- «use» of the Apple trademark?
 - Trademarks conceiled by marker

De-branding of original goods

- C-129/17 MITSUBISHI
 - (42) deprives the proprietor of the mark of the benefit of the essential right to control the initial marketing in the EEA of the goods bearing the mark
- C-558/08, Portakabin
 - (86) the function of indication of origin
- Norway: LB-2014-5832: PARAJUMPERS
 - TM holder may not control downstream market
 - Selective distribution system

Exhaustion – sale of used goods

- Norwegian case law in line with CJEU case law
- Rt-2004-1474 volvoimport.no
- (43) balancing of interests (interesseavveining) under TMD 2008 art. 7
 - Reseller may use the mark in advertising as customary in the business
 - Must not appear as there is an affiliation or commercial connection with trade mark holder
- LB-2013-35584: Land Rover + Jaguar
 - Balancing of interests

Outlook

- Surplus license production
- Sanction catalogue is destruction of goods sustainable?